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categorie-trefwoord: 07.1 MOZAMBIQUE: Landbouw/platteland category-keyword: 07.1 MOZAMBIQUE: Agriculture/rural areas

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Date: 00-12-98 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: 10

Social and economic reintegration of refugees in post-war Mozambique: rural development struggles in Zambezia Province (Robert E. Mazur); mainly tables from survey of household livelihood strategies in this province and the impact of post-war infrastructure rehabilitation.

Date: 30-11-98 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: 20

When did forced labour end in Mozambique? Some reflections on the meaning and importance of the question -paper Bridget O'Laughlin, ISS, for ISS Rural Development Studies research seminar, 30/11/98. (Notes & references)

Date: 01-07-98 Source: Mozambique News Online, No.23 Page: 1/2

New farming technology road to food security (following test projects in five provinces of Mozambique).

Date: 07-06-98 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: 10

Mansions rise amid ruins of Renamo: report on the situation in Renamo-stronghold Maringue, central Sofala province, at the start of the local elections campaign; incl. position local peasants.

[Mail & Guardian on-line, 5/6/98]

Date: 00-06-98 Source: SAPEM, Vol.11. No.8 Page: 7-9

Adjustment, social policy and poverty in a war torn country (Belmiro Rodolfo): economic adjustment policies of the Mozambican government and review urban and rural poverty in Mozambique.

Date: 00-04-98 Source: DOK. 7.4 Page: 37-51

Landbouw in de SADC-landen: Kansen en perspectieven voor de Nederlandse agri-business (Agnes Johan; Min. voor Landbouw, Natuurbeheer & Visserij; 92 p.); incl. beschrijving (commerciele) landbouwsector in meeste SADC-landen: o.a. Mozambique (p.37-43) en Namibie (p.44-51). (Tabellen,literatuur)

Date: 00-03-98 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: 38

Rural poverty and poverty allevation in Mozambique: what's missing from the debate? (Christ. Cramer & Nicola Pontara, SOAS); critical review of existing literature on the (characterisation of) rural poor, stressing the importance of farm wage labour income and rural labour migration. (Notes) [Journal of Modern African Studies, Vol.36, No.1, p.101-138]

Date: 26-01-98 Source: MNA AIM Reports, No.126 Page: 4

Mozambique: Growth in sugar production expected + Cotton harvest up 40 per cent.

Date: 00-01-98 Source: DOK. 11.4 Page: 41-54

Drinkwater en sanitatie en ontwikkelingssamenwerking (Ministerie van Buitenlandse Zaken; 72 p.): publ. over de resultaten van de Nederlandse ontwikkelingssamenwerking; o.a. hoofdstuk over Mozambique – herstel na de burgeroorlog, m.n. op het platteland, en betekenis drinkwatervoorziening en sanitatie voor de plattelandsbewoners.

Date: 00-01-98 Source: Journal of Southern African Studies, Vol.24, No.1, 1998 Page: 7-36

'I'll bury you in the border!': women's land struggles in post-war Facazisse (Magude district), Mozambique (Heidi Gengenbach) — For women in Facazisse, Magude district, Maputo province, Mozambique, cultivated fields are more than just patches of soil for growing crops; they are also a source of female social and ritual power. Oral testimony depicts 'traditional' land administration as a largely feminine domain in which women's de facto control over land allocation and use confers collective responsibility for the moral and material well-being of the chiefdom. Women's responsibility for agriculture fostered a sense of 'cultivating community' among them. However, new systems of land management introduced by missionaries, the colonial State, and Frelimo district officials have eroded women's authority and autonomy in this sphere - dramatically accelerated by the introduction of emergency land distribution measures to accommodate the massive influx of 'deslocados' to Magude town during the war. The profound implications of these changes for rural women are already evident in the emergence of 'xifula' witchcraft as a weapon in postwar land conflicts, and women's increasingly restrictive definitions of who does and does not belong to the 'cultivating community'. (Notes, ref.)

Date: 00-01-98 Source: Jnl of Southern African Studies, Vol.24, No.1, 1998 Page: 61-91 State resettlement policies in post-colonial rural Mozambique: the impact of the communal village programme on Tete Province, 1977-1982 (Joao P.B. Coelho) - After independence, the development strategy established by the new regime for Mozambique's rural areas was based on a country-wide villagization programme run by the State and comprising two main pillars: population resettlement and the transformation of production relations. This article assesses the impact of these policies on the Province of Tete. It begins by exploring the transition period between 1974 and 1977, seeking a better understanding of the provincial context during the passage from the supposed disintegration of the colonial 'aldeamentos' (the strategic villages designed to increase State control over the rural population), to the implementation of the new settlement policies. The next section assesses the extent to which the 'aldeamento' pattern was effectively replaced by the new settlements. The third section concerns the implementation of the communal village programme until late 1982. Because of their importance and complexity, questions related to village economic activity, including agricultural production and marketing, receive special attention in the fourth section. The final section looks at the connection between the programme's effects on the rural economy, and the ruthless war which Renamo started in 1982. (Notes, ref.)

Date: 00-01-98 Source: Jnl of Southern African Studies, Vol.24, No.1, 1998 Page: 93-113

Frelimo and the politics of agricultural marketing in Mozambique (Joao Cravinho) — When Frelimo came to power in Mozambique in 1975, it pinned its hopes for rapid and widespread socialist modernization of the country upon the agricultural sector. The most important instrument to deal with problems related to agricultural marketing was the State marketing board, Agricom, established in 1981. Although Agricom was not designed to assume exclusive responsibility for marketing, it was seen as the leading institution in that field. Agricom which was responsible for 'regulating, directing and supporting' agricultural marketing in general. However, Agricom never had any autonomy regarding the first two of these tasks. As for supporting others involved in marketing, Agricom was to use any resources of its own that it could spare, such as transport, sacks and warehouse space. The key problem, however, was the political environment. Over the years the political context changed and Agricom began to lose its original purpose of instrument for transformation. Paralysed in a confusion of authority and responsibility, the organization was incapable of adapting over time as the political environment and the economic and social context changed. (Notes, ref.)

Date: 00-01-98 Source: Jnl of Southern African Studies, Vol.24, No.1, 1998 Page: 115-140

Disruption without transformation: agrarian relations and livelihoods in Nampula Province, Mozambique 1975-1995 (M. Anne Pitcher) — Since independence, three processes have shaped the lives of rural Mozambicans: the implementation of socialist policies, a protracted and low intensity civil war, and the more recent commitment to privatize State assets. This article examines their impact on agrarian economic relations and institutions of local political power from 1975 to 1995 in two districts of Nampula, Monapo and Mecuburi, in northern Mozambique. The author describes the ways that rural people constructed their livelihoods to cope with the effects of these processes and explores the implications for understanding recent developments in Mozambique's countryside. She argues that the three processes disrupted rather than transformed agrarian relations in Nampula. They reshaped rather than replaced local political authority and certain customary patterns, and they have unsettled rather than reconfigurated the ways in which rural people make a living. Disruption without transformation occurred partly because the outcomes of at least two of the processes were inconclusive. The Frelimo government failed to realize the objectives of

socialism and the end of the war produced no outright winner. Early indications suggest that the effect of privatization policies will also be indeterminate. (Notes, ref.)

Date: 00-01-98 Source: Jnl of Southern African Studies, Vol.24, No.1, 1998 Page: 141-160 'This neighbour is not my uncle!': changing relations of power and authority on the Mueda plateau (Harry West) — At independence in 1975, the Frelimo government abolished chieftaincy in Mozambique. Two decades later, Mozambicans are discussing the role to be played by 'traditional authority' in the postcivil war era. Current debates focus on whether or not kin-based political institutions can be considered 'legitimate' expressions of political community in the context of democratic decentralization. In this article, the author approaches the issue of 'traditional authority' as discussants on both sides have not yet done. By examining in detail the complex history of power relations in a specific local context, he illustrates transformations wrought upon kinship-based political institutions and authority figures which add shades of grey to the often black and white arguments over the political 'legitimacy' of 'traditional authority'. The author shows that 'tradition' and political 'legitimacy' are historically situated cultural constructs subject to continuous reworking. The article focuses on the Mueda plateau in the northern Cabo Delgado province, where the inhabitants continue to turn toward family elders in a variety of contexts, despite decades of Frelimo attempts to eliminate kin-based political institutions. (Notes, ref.)

Date: 00-01-98 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: (600)

Mozambique District Development Profiles (UNHCR/UNDP – July 1996): basic (statistical) information on 34 districts in Mozambique, a.o. on their population, land use (agriculture, water, food security, etc.), commercial sector and social sectors (health, education and civil society). (Maps, figures & tables)

Date: 00-01-98 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: (166)

Mozambique District Development Profiles (UNHCR/UNDP – July 1996): basic (statistical) information on 34 districts in Mozambique, incl. Gaza Province – districts of Chicualacuala (19 p.), Mabalane (19 p.) and Massangena (17 p.) + Manica Province – districts of Barue (18 p.), Gondola (21 p.), Guro (20 p.), Machaze (17 p.), Macossa (17 p.) & Manica (18 p.).

Date: 00-01-98 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: (134)

Mozambique District Development Profiles (UNHCR/UNDP – July 1996): basic (statistical) information on 34 districts in Mozambique, incl. Manica Province – districts of Mossurize (18 p.), Sussundenga (17 p.) and Tambara (18 p.) + Niassa Province – districts of Lago (16 p.), Lichinga (15 p.), Mandimba (14 p.), Mecanhelas (18 p.) and N'gauma (18 p.).

Date: 00-01-98 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: (148)

Mozambique District Development Profiles (UNHCR/UNDP – July 1996): basic (statistical) information on 34 districts in Mozambique, incl. Sofala Province – districts of Caia (22 p.), Chemba (19 p.) and Chibabava (18 p.) + Tete Province – districts of Angonia (24 p.), Cahora Bassa (16 p.), Changara (18 p.), Chifunde (15 p.) and Chiuta (16 p.).

Date: 00-01-98 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: (157)

Mozambique District Development Profiles (UNHCR/UNDP – July 1996): basic (statistical) information on 34 districts in Mozambique, incl. Tete Province – districts of Macanga (17 p.), Magoe (15 p.), Maravia (17 p.), Moatize (15 p.), Mutarara (19 p.), Tsangano (16 p.) & Zumbu (16 p.) + Zambezia Province – districts of Milange (20 p.) and Morrumbala (22 p.).

Date: 00-01-98 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: 575

Mozambique District Development Profiles (UNHCR/UNDP – Dec. 1997): basic (statistical) information on 35 districts in Mozambique, a.o. on their population, land use (agriculture, water, food security, etc.), commercial sector and social sectors (health, education and civil society). (Bibl. + maps, figures & tables)

Date: 00-01-98 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: (159)

Mozambique District Development Profiles (UNHCR/UNDP – Dec. 1997): basic (statistical) information on 35 districts in Mozambique, incl. Niassa Province – districts of Cuamba (17 p.), Majune (14 p.), Marrupa (16 p.), Maua (16 p.), Mavago (16 p.), Mecula (16 p.), Metarica (16 p.), Muembe (16 p.), Nipepe (16 p.) and Sanga (16 p.).

Date: 00-01-98 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: (155)

Mozambique District Development Profiles (UNHCR/UNDP – Dec. 1997): basic (statistical) information on 35 districts in Mozambique, incl. Sofala Province – districts of Buzi (18p), Cheringoma (17 p.), Dondo (18

p.), Gorongosa (17 p.), Machanga (17 p.), Maringue (17 p.), Marromeu (17 p.), Muanza (16 p.) and Nhamatanda (18 p.).

Date: 00-01-98 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: (148)

Mozambique District Development Profiles (UNHCR/UNDP – Dec. 1997): basic (statistical) information on 35 districts in Mozambique, incl. Cabo Delgado Province – districts of Ancuabe (17 p.), Balama (17 p.), Chiure (17 p.), Ibo (14 p.), Macomia (17 p.), Mecufi (16 p.) Meluco (15 p.), Mocimboa da Praia (17 p.) and Montepuez (18 p.).

Date: 00-01-98 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: (110)

Mozambique District Development Profiles (UNHCR/UNDP – Dec. 1997): basic (statistical) information on 35 districts in Mozambique, incl. Cabo Delgado Province – districts of Mueda (16 p.), Muidumbe (16 p.), Namuno (16 p.), Nangade (15 p.), Palma (16 p.), Pemba (16 p.) and Quissanga (15 p.).

Date: 00-01-98 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: 550

Mozambique District Development Profiles (UNHCR/UNDP – Dec. 1997): basic (statistical) information on 32 districts in Mozambique, a.o. on their population, land use (agriculture, water, food security, etc.), commercial sector and social sectors (health, education and civil society). (Bibl. + maps, figures & tables)

Date: 00-01-98 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: (173)

Mozambique District Development Profiles (UNHCR/UNDP – Dec. 1997): basic (statistical) information on 32 districts in Mozambique, incl. Zambezia Province – districts of Alto Molo cue (17 p.), Chinde (19 p.), Gile (17 p.), Gurue (17 p.), Ile (17 p.), Inhassunge (16 p.), Lugela (17 p.), Maganja da Costa (16 p.), Mocumba (18 p.) and Mopeia (19 p.).

Date: 00-01-98 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: (153)

Mozambique District Development Profiles (UNHCR/UNDP – Dec. 1997): basic (statistical) information on 32 districts in Mozambique, incl. Zambezia Province – districts of Namacurra (16p.), Namarroi (17p.), Nicoadala (17p.) & Pebane (17p.) + Nampula Province – districts Angoche (19p.), Erati (17p.), Lalaua (16p.), Malema (17p.) and Mecuburi (17p.).

Date: 00-01-98 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: (224)

Mozambique District Development Profiles (UNHCR/UNDP – Dec. 1997): basic (statistical) information on 32 districts in Mozambique, incl. Nampula Province – districts of Meconta, Memba, Mogincual, Mogovolas, Moma, Monapo, Mossuril, Muecate, Murrupula, Nacala, Nacaroa, Namopula and Ribaue. (all 16-19 p.)

Date: 00-01-98 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: 454

Mozambique District Development Profiles (UNHCR/UNDP – Dec. 1997): basic (statistical) information on 26 districts in Mozambique, a.o. on their population, land use (agriculture, water, food security, etc.), commercial sector and social sectors (health, education and civil society). (Bibl. + maps, figures & tables)

Date: 00-01-98 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: (242)

Mozambique District Development Profiles (UNHCR/UNDP – Dec. 1997): basic (statistical) information on 26 districts in Mozambique, incl. Gaza Province – districts of Bilene, Chibuto , Chigubo, Chokwe, Guija, Mandlakazi, Massingir & Xai-Xai + Inhambane Province – districts Funhaloure, Govuro, Homoine, Inharrime and Inhassoro. (all 16-20 p.)

Date: 00-01-98 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: (330)

Mozambique District Development Profiles (UNHCR/UNDP – Dec. 1997): basic (statistical) information on 26 districts in Mo zambique, incl. Inhambane Province – districts of Jangamo, Mabote, Massinga, Morrumbene, Panda and Zavala + Maputo Province – districts of Boane, Magude, Manhica, Marracuene, Matutuine, Moamba and Namaacha. (all 16-20 p.)

Date: 04-12-97 Source: MNA AIM Reports, No.123 Page: 1+2

Cholera epidemic sweeps south of country (p.1) + President warns of dangers of deforestation (as result of reckless agricultural practices in Mozambique; p.2).

Date: 18-11-97 Source: MNA AIM Reports, No.122 Page: 1

Mozambique self-sufficient in maize (for first time since 1975) + World Food Programme promises further food aid to Mozambique.

Date: 00-11-97 Source: Southern Africa Report, Vol.13, No.1 Page: 16-29

Success story? Bretton Woods backlash in Mozambique (Joseph Hanlon): critical examination on the IMF/World Bank's donor policy towards Mozambique, esp. their neo-liberal economic policies, the growing opposition to privatisation, impact on agricultural policy (rural areas), etc.

Date: 29-10-97 Source: Mozambique News Online, No.10 Number of pages: 6

Bi-monthly update of news from Mozambique – feature: Witchcraft gets the blame (on health problems of rural people in Tete province; p.2/3) + short art. on various recent developments in Mozambique.

Date: 20-10-97 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: 2

SAPA reports 7+20/10/97 on improved method of pension payouts to Mozambican miners in South Africa + Mozambique officially allocates 35 farms to South Africans.

Date: 09-10-97 Source: DOK. 10.1 Number of pages: 15

Brief Min. van Ontwikkelingssamenwerking Pronk aan Tweede Kamer met verslag van zijn werkbezoek aan Mozambique in aug. 1997, m.n. over de samenwerkingsrelatie Mozambique-Nederland (hoofdpunten Nederlands ontwikkelingsbeleid t.a.v. Mozambique, gezondheid, onderwijs, milieu, vrouwen, macroeconomische steun, Beira, rurale ontwikkeling, etc.).

Date: 03-10-97 Source: Mail & Guardian, Vol.13, No.39 Page: 12

Peasant victory in Mozambique: review land (ownership) Bill, approved by parliament, accepting verbal evidence as proof of ownership. Incl. various, conflicting, positions groups interested (Frelimo elite, USAid, NGOs, peasant groups).

Date: 03-10-97 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: 3

Peasant victory in Mozambique: report on significance Mozambique's new land Bill, approved by parliement in July, esp. on the recognition of land rights acquired through occupancy – with or without a title deed. [M&G Africa News on-line]

Date: 00-10-97 Source: Mozambiquefile, No.255 Page: 14/15

Study on cashew marketing proves World Bank wrong: summary study by consultancy firm Deloite Touche on the World Bank imposed liberalisation of raw cashew nut exports from Mozambique.

Date: 00-09-97 Source: Mozambique Peace Process Bulletin, No.19 Page: 6-8

What role for 'traditional leaders'? – review debate about their role in Mozambique since the 1980s, incl. impact of the land law on their position.

Date: 00-09-97 Source: Mozambique Peace Process Bulletin, No.19 Page: 10-20

New land law increases peasant rights in Mozambique: incl. key points of the new land law, opposition by Renamo, more rights for women, land grants, consultation and regulations, resolving conflicts, huge claims but few grants (p.10-17) + By evicting Niassa peasants, South Africans test new land law (p.18-20).

Date: 00-09-97 Source: DOK. 11.4 Number of pages: 6

'Exporting Apartheid' to Sub-Saharan Africa (Michel Chossudovsky): Afrikaner agribusiness in South Africa plans largescale investments in commercial farming, food processing and eco-tourism in Mozambique a.o. Southern African countries, aimed at establishing white-owned farms in region. [Review of African Political Economy, No.73, Sept.1997, p.389-398]

Date: 29-08-97 Source: Mail & Guardian, Vol.13, No.34 Page: 9

Mozambicans at odds with 'Boer' settlers: traditional chiefs in Niassa complain over Boer settling in district (not consulted).

Date: 25-08-97 Source: Mozambique News Online, No.6 Page: 2/3

Bi-monthly update of news from Mozambique – feature: Impending drought treat to Mozambique (incl. possible impact on agriculture and food production in country).

Date: 09-08-97 Source: Mozambique News Online, No.5 Page: 2-4

Bi-monthly update of news from Mozambique – feature: New land law for Mozambique (giving peasants title deeds on land on which they have worked for at least 10 years).

Date: 01-08-97 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: 4

Sel. SAPA reports 10/7-1/8/97 on South African involvement in demining in Mozambique (Mechem demining group) + White farmers from South Africa in Mozambique get ready for their first season.

Date: 01-08-97 Source: MNA AIM Reports, No.115 Page: 2-4

Mozambican parliament debates bills on environmental conservation, the electricity industry and land tenure policy.

Date: 00-08-97 Source: Mozambiquefile, No.253 Page: 4-9

Assembly passes new land law: detailed report on debate in Mozambican parliament about the new land law, guaranteeing peasant farmers' land tenure rights, incl. significance law for agriculture and position peasants in Mozambique.

Date: 17-07-97 Source: MNA AIM Reports, No.114 Page: 4

South African immigrant farmers due to start agricultural & livestock production in Mozambique in August.

Date: 17-07-97 Source: MNA AIM Reports, No.114 Page: 2/3

Assembly discusses land law: debate in parliament Mozambique on government bill on land tenure policy, esp. position Renamo on land privatisation and traditional authorities, women's rights (in rural areas), etc.

Date: 10-07-97 Source: Mozambique News Online, No.3 Number of pages: 4

Fortnightly update of news from Mozambique – feature: Health care reaches remote areas (p.1/2) + other short stories on recent developments in Mozambique (desertification hits Mozambique, endemic diseases ...and witcraft beliefs against vaccination, etc.).

Date: 00-06-97 Source: Zuidelijk Afrika, Jrg.1, Nr.2 Page: 22-24

Een nieuwe Boerentrek: Afrikaners pionieren in Mozambique (Bert Sonnenschein, EMS); reportage over de groeiende stroom Afrikaner boeren uit Zuid-Afrika die hun geluk zoeken op het platteland in Mozambique.

Date: 14-05-97 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: 9

Exporting apartheid to sub-Saharan Africa (Michel Chossudovsky, University of Ottawa): critical examination of the plan to "export" white South African farmers to northern Mozambique, incl. negative impact on rural population, role foreign donors, issue of ecotourism in Mozambique, etc. (Notes)

Date: 25-04-97 Source: Southscan, Vol.12 no.16 Page: 128

Government funds for Mosagrius: Mozambican government grants half million US dollars to Mosagrius Development Society (SDM), the South African farmers project in the Lugenda valley in Niassa province.

Date: 22-04-97 Source: MNA AIM Reports, No.108 Page: 3/4

International business round-up: a.o. calls to avoid land privatisation and government funds for Mosagrius (agricultural project in Niassa with South African farmers).

Date: 09-04-97 Source: MNA AIM Reports, No.107 Page: 1

World Food Programme aims for food security in Mozambique (4 years donor-supported programme.

Date: 27-02-97 Source: MNA AIM Reports, No.104 Page: 1-3

President visits flood regions in Mozambique (incl. appeal for international aid; p.1) + Large 1996 harvest, despite early floods (1995 and 1996 figures on agricultural products in Mozambique; p.2) + World Bank projects to be reappraised (in Mozambique) + World Bank changes line on cashew nuts (protection Mozambican cashew processing industry) (p.3).

Date: 00-02-97 Source: Southern Africa Report, Vol.12, No.2 Page: 3-7

Exporting apartheid: Mozambique and beyond (Michel Chossudov sky); critical examinations of South Africa's (farmers, FF, government) plans to establish a 'Food Corridor' in Southern Africa and spec. in Mozambique, incl. role SACADA (SAn Chamber for Agricultural Development), support from EU, danger of recolonization of Mozambique, etc.

Date: 00-02-97 Source: Southern Africa Report, Vol.12, No.2 Page: 8-11

Paradise lost? A blueprint for Niassa (O.T. Juergensen & H. P. Krugman, IDRC J'burg); review development plans for Mozambique's northern Niassa province, esp. in the agricultural sector (incl. plans to establish Afrikaner farmers from South Africa in the area), tourism, etc. and the potential threat to the environment (sustainable development) in the province.

Date: 12-12-96 Source: MNA AIM Reports, No.99 Page: 1

Transport costs leave grain in storage despite growing needs (problems of food distribution and needs in Mozambique).

Date: 00-12-96 Source: JSAS, Vol.22 No.4 Page: 688-691

<u>Journal of Southern African Studies</u>: Book reviews of "Cotton is the mother of poverty: peasants, work, & rural struggle in colonial Mozambique, 1938-1961" / Allen Isaacman (Heinemann, Currey, D.Philip, 1996).

Date: 00-12-96 Source: Mozambiquefile, No.245 Page: 18-20

Row over contaminated flour (imported from Belgium, incl. background on Mozambique's wheat milling industry; p. 18/19) + World Bank defends cashew diktat (to reduce export tax on raw cashew nuts from Mozambique; p.20).

Date: 00-11-96 Source: Southern Africa Report Page: 26-30

Chiefs, companies and cotton: Observations from rural Nampula (Anne Pitcher) – examination of the process of recognition and re-emergence of chiefs in the Nampula province of Mozambique in recent years and the impact of the privatization of the cotton production in Nampula on the local political economy and spec. the position of traditional chiefs.

Date: 00-11-96 Source: Mozambiquefile, No.244 Page: 16-18

Cashew industry appeals to parliament over export tax: report on problems in Mozambique's cashew industry, incl. the different positions of industrial (processing) and exporting interests, role of the World Bank, etc.

Date: 00-11-96 Source: Mozambique Peace Process Bulletin, No.17 Number of pages: 13 Short reports on recent developments in Mozambique, esp. on City council elections in 1997? (p.1-3) + Land law sets precedent for debate (incl. role foreign donors; p.3-6) + commentary AWEPA (editor) on these issues and their implications for democracy in Mozambique (p.7/8).

Date: 17-10-96 Source: MNA AIM Reports, No.95 Page: 4

Cashew industrialists appeal to Parliament (review problems in Mozambique's cashew processing industry.

Date: 15-10-96 Source: Afrika sud, Nr.5 Page: 36-37

Kontroverse um Landgesetz: review of Mozambican land law (to be decided upon in October 1996), aspects of ownership (vs reality), right to tenure and access to foreigners, and the role of the state.

Date: 03-10-96 Source: MNA AIM Reports, No.94 Page: 3/4

Tanzania to host major cashew conference (incl. situation cashew and copra production in Mozambique; p.3) + Land Tenure Bill gets support of Mozambique's National Union of Peasants (p.4).

Date: 00-10-96 Source: Monthly Regional Bulletin 5/10 Page: 11/12

Mozambique: Economy revives with production growing at nearly 6% – latest economic figures on Mozambique (production growth in various sectors, inflation, state revenue, investment budget, etc.).

Date: 00-10-96 Source: Mozambiquefile, No.243 Page: 14-16

Statistics on the economy: figures on recent economic developments in Mozambique, incl. on the agricultural sector, taxes, state budget, exchange rate etc.

Date: 20-09-96 Source: Southscan, Vol.11 no.35 Page: 280 Economy grows by 7.4%: Mozambican economic growth, esp. in agriculture.

Date: 19-09-96 Source: MNA AIM Reports, No.93 Page: 1

Economic growth exceeds predictions (details about growth Mozambicam economy in first half of 1996, incl. tax collection and agricultural production – food supply).

Date: 06-09-96 Source: MNA AIM Reports, No.92 Page: 1+2

Illegal fishing threatens stocks (reports about clandestine fishing, possibly by South Africans, in territorial waters Mozambique off the province of Inhambane; p.1) + South African farmers to arrive soon (in province of Niassa) (p.2).

Date: 00-09-96 Source: Amandla, september 1996 Page: 21/22

Hersenschimmen – Twee werelden in Mozambique: stad en platteland (verslag KZA-seminar over Mozambique in juni 1996; alg. over de ontwikkelingen in Mozambique sinds de onafhankelijkheid, inkl. het ekonomische beleid van de Mozambikaanse regering, situatie op het platteland, etc.).

Date: 00-09-96 Source: Mozambiquefile, No.242 Page: 9-11

Foreign interference threatens agricultural marketing: report on agricultural marketing problems in Mozambique, new tax system and custom tariffs etc.

Date: 09-08-96 Source: MNA AIM Reports, No.90 Page: 1

Bumper harvest in danger due to insufficient credits (to facilitate the marketing of the produce, incl. figures on agricultural products and prices in Mozambique).

Date: 11-07-96 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: 23

Sel. art. 3/5-11/7/96 from Mozambican newspapers on decentralisation in Mozambique, local authonomy and elections, democracy in urban and rural areas, modernising the public administration in Mozambique, local planning and the environment, role of foreign NGO's and souvereignity in Mozambioque, etc. (all in Portuguese) [Noticias, Savana]

Date: 00-07-96 Source: Southern Africa Report Page: 17-20

Who governs? NGOs in rural Mozambique (Alexander Costy): examination of the role of the NGOs in (rural) Mozambique, against the background of the marginalisation of local government and the highly politicised situation in Mozambique.

Date: 00-07-96 Source: Mozambiquefile, No.240 Page: 9-11

Conference on land law: report conference in Maputo in June 1996 on the land tenure bill as proposed by the Mozambique government (incl. sharp differences of opinion).

Date: 00-07-96 Source: Mozambiquefile, No.240 Page: 16/17

Minimum maize price swept away: record 1996 harvest, but huge marketing problems of food products in Mozambique.

Date: 21-06-96 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: 4

Rural Mozambicans waiting for a train – derailed by war, key routes still in ruins: report on the transport (esp. rail) problems in Mozambique, incl. their impact on the economic development of the country. [Washington Post]

Date: 16-06-96 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: 3

SA farmer brings God, sweat and hope to Mozambique's former 'gulag': int. with South African missionary and farming family living in a rural district of Niassa province, northern Mozambique [Sunday Independent, 16/6/96] + Boers poised for new trek to Mozambique (critical reactions to settlement plan for 1000 white farmers from South Africa in Niassa). [Star, 28/5/96]

Date: 14-06-96 Source: MNA AIM Reports, No.86 Page: 1-4

Major conference debates future of land policy: report on National Land Conference in Maputo, 5-8/6/96, debated land policy in Mozambique, incl. draft bill on land ownership, role rural communities, environmental degradation etc. (p.1-3) + Agricultural pricing policy conflicts with markets (incl. prospects for food harvest in Mozambique; p.4).

Date: 00-06-96 Source: Mozambiquefile, No.239 Page: 18/19

Boer farmers and Maputo corridor (on agreements between South Africa & Mozambique signed on 6/5/96).

Date: 00-06-96 Source: SAPEM, Vol.9, No.9 Page: 39/40+42

Economic recovery in Mozambique: the case of Zambezia province (Alan Harding) – review of the socio-economic situation in Mozambique's central province of Zambezia, incl. the impact of the war and donor dependency, the dominant role of large-scale agro-industrial companies, peasant agriculture, transport infrastructure, environmental issues etc.

Date: 10-05-96 Source: Southscan Vol.11 no.18 Page: 143

Deal on SA farmers goes through: agreement signed on encouragement South African farmers to invest in Mozambique (despite criticism from Mozambican opposition).

Date: 02-05-96 Source: MNA AIM Reports, No.83 Page: 2

Agricultural marketing debated: report on debate in parliament about freedom of trade in agricultural products in Mozambique (incl. criticism from Renamo).

Date: 00-05-96 Source: Mozambiquefile, No.238 Page: 13/14

Agricultural marketing debated in Mozambican parliament: debate on freedom of trade in agricultural goods, incl. situation on food production and marketing in Mozambique this year.

Date: 05-04-96 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: 39

Travel report Mozambique, November/December 1995 (Henk vd Heuvel, Eduaro Mondlane Foundation): introduction on situation and future role EMF in (rural development in) Mozambique + detailed reports on series of projects & meetings with NGO's etc. in the country, incl. role Dutch government in Mozambique.

Date: 00-04-96 Source: Mozambiquefile, No.237 Page: 20/21

Maize and PESU scandals (on theft and corruption cases around agricultural support from the US and Scandinavian countries to Mozambique).

Date: 00-04-96 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: 3

Between the devil and the deep blue sea: Development dilemmas in Mozambique (Antonio Massinga); review dilemmas posed to environmentalists because of Mozambique's economic policy – esp. foreign (spec. South African) investment in tourism development and the agricultural sector. (Notes & ref.) [The Ecologist, Vol.26, No.2, March/April 1997, p.73-75]

Date: 00-03-96 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: 20

Mozambique: from peace to hope – the food story of a country in the process of complete reconstruction (Food for Development, No.1, Feb-March 1996; European Commission); art. on situation Mozambique in general and spec. on the need to support food security + review European Commission operations in Mozambique (in agriculture and food security).

Date: 00-03-96 Source: Mozambiquefile, No.236 Page: 11

Deal with South African farmers: announcement of Mozambique–SA agreement over South African farmers investing in and moving to Mozambique, incl. criticism on deal.

Date: 29-02-96 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: 2

Nederlandse Ambassade Maputo – Korte Economische Berichten: korte berichten over ekonomische ontwikkelingen Mozambique in januari/februari 1996 (exportopbrengsten, landbouwovereenkomst met ZA, ecotoerisme, privatisering, olie exploratie etc) + aanwinsten dokumentatiecentrum van ambassade.

Date: 21-02-96 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: 30

The seeds of disaster: Agrarian transition and the origins of civil war in Mozambique (Dr Alfredo Saas Filho, Univ. of Leeds; ISS Research Seminar Paper Rural Development Studies); the failure of collective agriculture in Mozambique and the onset of civil war as the result of a conflict between the state and the peasantry. (Notes & references)

Date: 16-02-96 Source: Mail & Guardian, Business suppl. Page: 3

Maputo bows to tourism over pulp and paper: Mozambique government rejects South African corporation SAPPI afforestation scheme in Southern Mozambique, and possibly opting for tourism project.

Date: 16-02-96 Source: Southscan Page: 55

Deal on SA farmers finally agreed: agreement Mozambican government with South African farmers for settlement in Mozambique (terms of lease, ownership, title to land, etc.).

Date: 16-02-96 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: 12

Mozambique Inview (Mediacoop, Maputo), No.41: mainly short art. on economic developments in Mozambique, incl. future of tourism, foreign investments, agricultural situation, etc. + statistics on credit per economic sector and total GDP and production developments 1990-1994 in Mozambique.

Date: 05-01-96 Source: Southscan Page: 5-6

New land law proposed to resolve chaos over leasing: faced with continuing conflicts over land, Mozambique hopes to have a revised land law at the end of the year; complaints of land grabs by South Africans and by Mozambican generals and ministers, as well as of peasants being pushed off their land, have made land a hot issue.

Date: 00-01-96 Source: Monthly Regional Bulletin 5/1 Page: 8

Mozambique: New land law will end leasing confusion (on recent developments in land and agricultural policy Mozambican government).

Date: 31-12-95 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: 5

Nederlandse Ambassade Maputo – Korte Economische Berichten: korte berichten over ekonomische ontwikkelingen Mozambique in oktober-december 1995 (Pande gasveld, bosbouw, schulden Mozambique, inflatie, introduktie BTW etc.) + aanwinsten dokumentatiecentrum van ambassade.

Date: 22-12-95 Source: Facts and Reports Page: 5-7

[YZ13-29] Various art. and radio reports on recent developments in Mozambique: economic developments, the land issue, relations with EU and Portugal, etc. [Indian Ocean Newsletter, Radio Mozambique etc.]

Date: 21-12-95 Source: MNA/AIM Reports, No.74 Page: 2-3

Support promised for peasant farmers (by prime minister) + Improvements in public services announced – both on meeting Assembly Mozambique 18/12/95.

Date: 06-12-95 Source: MNA/AIM Reports, No.73 Page: 4

Reports from the Assembly of the Republic (parliament Mozambique): a.o. debate on South African farmers (impact of agreement about land allocation to them).

Date: 01-12-95 Source: Southscan Page: 351

New body should smoothe farmers' trek into Mozambique: After hold-ups in settling mainly Afrikaner farmers in Mozambique a new body has been formed to push the settlements project ahead

Date: 00-12-95 Source: Mozambiquefile, No.233 Page: 6-11

Question time in the Assembly: report on debates in parliament in Nov.1995 a.o. about the coming of South African farmers to Mozambique, the outcome of the 1994 general elections etc.

Nur wenig spielraum: short report on difficult economic situation in Mozambique and dissatisfaction of the population (esp. salaried workers and problems of peasants), questioning the role of foreign NGOs can play.

Date: 15-10-95 Source: Afrika süd, Nr. 5 Page: 26-27

Burentreck nach Mosambik?: review motives South African farmers to settle in Mozambique, negotiations with the Mozambican government, first settlers in Niassa province, and criticisms from within Mozambique.

Date: 00-08-95 Source: Mozambiquefile, No.229 Page: 7/8

Phasing out the emergency: report on current food (production) situation in Mozambique.

Date: 00-08-95 Source: Mozambiquefile, No.229 Page: 12/13

Negotiations with Boer farmers: mainly on Mozambique government position in these negotiations.

Date: 15-07-95 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: 37

Documentationset on investment opportunities in Mozambique: series of art. from various Moz. sources on Mozambique government policy and other issues in relation to foreign investment in Mozambique, incl. investment legislation, fiscal and financial reforms, privatisation, review various economic sectors (mining, agriculture a.o.), case studies etc.

Date: 00-07-95 Source: Southern Africa Report Page: 15-19

Donor dollars and Mozambique's NGOs: impression Centre for African Studies, Mondlane University, conference on role NGOs (critical on professed partnership NGO with foreign donors, local rural community, and government) questioning reality of concept of civil society in Mozambique.

Date: 30-06-95 Source: Afrika Süd, Nr. 2 Page: 23

Eine andere Verfassung: review confusion over land property in Mozambique leading to conflicts over land.

Date: 24-06-95 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: 4

In het bos gedijt de ideologie niet + Mozambique kreeg democratie cadeau: 2 reportages Cos Speksnijder uit Mozambique – (politieke) verhoudingen op het platteland, ontwikkeling van de demokratie, rol buitenlandse donoren etc. [Parool, 3+24/6/95]

Date: 00-06-95 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: 16

Investment opportunities in Mozambique (Investment Promotion Centre, Maputo, May-June 1995): large scale investment opportunities (projects), investment opportunities in the privatization of state owned enterprises and other general investment opportunities in Mozambique (in different sectors).

Date: 00-04-95 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: 38

Mosambik Rundbrief No. 37 (Koordinierungskreis Mosambik): various articles on recent developments in Mozambique, incl. Thema: Wem gehort dan Land? (special section on the land issue in Mozambique, agricultural policy, land reforms, position of small farmers etc.; p.18-29).

Date: 27-01-95 Source: MNA/AIM Reports, No.50 Page: 1+4

Serious drought hits Mozambique (in centre and south of the country, incl. position UN World Food Programme; p.1) + Government of the Republic of Mozambique: list of (vice)ministers – tasks and names.

Date: 27-01-95 Source: Facts and Reports Page: 6

[B33]. Zim/Moz border; land, guns, banditry problems – review problems along Zimbabwean-Mozambican border (arms smuggle, crime, questions of land ownership) likely to deteriorate. [SA Report]

Date: 00-01-95 Source: Review of African Political Economy, No.63, 1995 Page: 99-106 Past and present options: land reform in Mozambique (by Bridget O'Laughlin).

Date: 00-12-94 Source: JSAS, Vol.20, No.4 Page: 603-632

<u>Journal of Southern African Studies</u> (University of York): Competetive rights, competetive claims: Land access in postwar Mozambique – examination of the complex struggles for land in Mozambique and the government's land reform policies from the 1970s until early 1990s and their political implications; by Gregory Myers. (Notes)

Date: 00-11-94 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: 16

Mozambique Report (UNOHAC Monthly Bulletin), No.16: art. on activities UN Office for Humanitarian Assistance Coordination in Mozambique, reintegration of demobilised soldiers, demining programme in Moz., training situation in the health and education sector, agricultural developments in Mozambique, etc.

Date: 00-10-94 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: 48

Country profile: Mozambique 1994-95 (Economist Intelligence Unit); political background, population and society, the economy, national account, employment and wages, agriculture, mining, energy,

manufacturing, tourism, transport and communications, finance, foreign trade, external payment and debt + regional organisations & bibliography. (Tables)

Date: 02-09-94 Source: Facts & Reports Page: 7

[R30] Land war brewing: review of increasing class of displaced and dispossessed people in Mozambique. Incl. unclarity and corruption of Mozambican land policy. [Southern African Economist]

Date: 09-07-94 Source: MNA/AIM Reports, No.36 Page: 3+4

Minister denies giving away land to Maharashi Corporation: Mozambique government denial of land grant to Maharashi Heaven on Earth Development Corporation, but confirmation of a protocol agreement + Humanitarian assistance underfunds health and agriculture: figures UN humanitarian aid to Mozambique.

Date: 04-03-94 Source: Facts and Reports Page: 5

[E23] Food aid is killing off production: problems of international food aid for Mozambican own agricultural production. [Indian Ocean Newsletter]

Date: 00-01-94 Source: Southern Africa report Page: 16-19

The politics of the aftermath: peasant options in Mozambique – review social-economic situation in the agricultural sector in Mozambique (increasing class differences; impact Structural Adjustment Programme; growth of neo-traditionalist and revivalist movements among peasants against established parties).

Date: 00-01-94 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: 8

Vrede in Mozambique: eerst zien, dan geloven (achtergronden vredesproces in Mozambique, sociaaleconomische problemen, rol Renamo, Nederlandse steun) + Unomoz: eerst ontwapenen, dan stemmen (rol UN in vredesproces en demobilisatie van legers in Mozambique) + Nampula moet vanaf nul beginnen (problemen plattelandsontwikkeling en rol NGO's). [Internationale Samenwerking]

Date: 10-12-93 Source: Weekly Mail Page: 12

From soldiers to politicians: P.van Niekerk reviews transition process in Mozambique from civil war to elections (demobilisation, restoring agriculture, candidates for presidency).

Date: 15-11-93 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: 64

Mozambique 'Vision Document': (draft) report prepared by the World Bank; the macroeconomic frame-work, restoring the rural economy, enhancing human capital, establishment of a better business climate + conclusion (on donor assistance). (Tables)

Date: 00-08-93 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: 22

A posse da terra no Mocambique do pos-guerra: limitantes e conflitos (Gregory W. Myers; Extra No.13, Maio/Agosto 1993); examining the landrights situation in Mozambique, incl. the impact of legislation, legal vs actual ownership, conflicts around land, etc. (Bibl.)

Date: 00-08-93 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: 46

Country profile: Mozambique 1993-94 (Economist Intelligence Unit); political background, population and society, the economy, national account, employment and wages, agriculture, mining, energy, manufacturing, tourism, transport and communications, finance, foreign trade, external payment and debt + regional organisations & bibliography. (Tables)

Date: 00-04-93 Source: Amandla Page: 3-7

Ik weet niets van politiek. Onze chef moet het zeggen: reisreportage uit voormalig oorlogsgebied in Mozambique (levensomstandigheden, ontwikkeling vredesproces, aktiviteiten Renamo etc.) + Een wedloop met de tijd: problemen bij uitvoering vredesakkoord tussen Mozambikaanse regering en Renamo.

Date: 00-04-93 Source: Reconstruct (Suppl. WIP 88) Page: 6/7

Mozambique's cathedrals in the desert: in war-thorn Mozambique some aid agencies have virtually replaced local government.

Date: 00-04-93 Source: EMS Informatiekrant, nr.36 Page: 1-2

Een lange weg naar vrede: vredesakkoord in Mozambique, voedseltekorten, getroffen plattelandsbevolking, en m.n. achterstand van vrouwen.

Life stirs in historical debris of Maputo: report on mood of optimism in Mozambique, both in Maputo and in the rural areas, incl. impact war situation on children in Mozambique.

Date: 21-08-92 Source: Facts and Reports Page: 15

[PQ84] Battle for land takes new form: implications of land policy of the Mozambique government. [Development & Dialogue, July 1992]

Date: 00-05-92 Source: Southern Africa Report Page: 27-30

Mozambique unravels? – the retreat to tradition: review origins of the war in central Mozambique, growing influence of traditional leaders, developments in Renamo-controlled areas and the position of the peasantry in Mozambique.

Date: 00-01-92 Source: Review of African Political Economy, No.53, 1992 Page: 99-106 Structural adjustment and agricultural pricing in Mozambique (by V. Tickner).

Date: 00-08-91 Source: Africa South Page: 14/15

Land up for grabs: peasant farmers in Mozambique get the push from big business (disputes arising from conflicts between traditional and commercial farming).

Date: 00-08-91 Source: Informatiekrant EMS, nr.30 Page: 6/7

Mozambikanen vechten terug met hulp van geesten (lokale bevolking in noorden Mozambique probeert zich met spirituele middelen te berschermen tegen aanvallen Renamo).

Date: 00-07-91 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: 47

Landenmap Mozambique (Eduardo Mondlane Stichting): politieke situatie en oorlog in Mozambique, vrouwenorg. OMM (p.12-16), economie, onderwijs (p.21-29), landbouw, gezondheidszorg (p.35-40), cultuur (p.41-45) en godsdienst in Mozambique.

Date: 00-07-91 Source: SA Report Page: 3-8

Resisting adjustment in Mozambique: the grassroots speak up (critical assessment economic adjustment programme Mozambican government incl. protests by workers, peasants a.o. against it).

Date: 00-05-91 Source: Africa South Page: 8-15

Maputo: coming to life – political and economic reconstruction in Mozambique starts to take shape (general review, incl. report on situation in small village in Zambezia).

Date: 00-04-91 Source: DOK. 7.1 Number of pages: 50

Special Commonwealth Fund for Mozambique: Institutional Development in the agricutural sector – Opportunities for Commonwealth co-operation (Commonwealth Secretariat); incl. sections on agricultural extension, livestock development, forestry and agricultural research; annexes.